Day Break

Thursday, June 20, 2024



Pakistan Construction Sector

Federal Budget FY25: Challenges and Opportunities for Pakistan's Construction Sector

- The FY25 federal budget was announced on Wednesday, 12th June 2024. The measures relating to the construction sector in the federal budget would have a neutral to negative impact on the sector as per our analysis.
- The measures relevant to the construction sector in the budget included revision in capital gain tax on immovable properties and advance tax on sale and purchase of the real estate assets, increase in Federal Excise Duty (FED) on cements, and rationalization of sales tax on steel.
- Federal PSDP allocation is set at a record high of PKR 1.4tn, representing a substantial increase of 112% compared to the revised figures for FY24. This significant boost highlights the government's commitment to infrastructure development.
- Going forward, we believe that the demand for Cement, Steel, and Glass would improve if the actual disbursement of the Federal PSDP is better than the historical trends.

Federal PSDP Allocation

The FY25 budget witnessed a 2.1x increase in the Federal PSDP allocation which can be viewed very positively for the construction sector in Pakistan but the history suggests that the actual disbursement has always been way below the allocation. Given the generous allocation to PSDP, we expect that the actual disbursement would be better than the historical numbers and this would have a positive impact on the entire listed construction space of Pakistan.

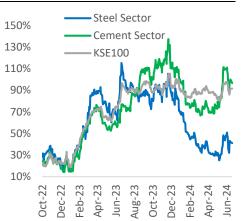
Increase in FED on Cement

Government in the Federal Budget announced an increase of PKR 1000/ton in the FED on cement, which would be passed on to the consumer by the Cement Manufacturers. In order to pass on the increase in FED to the consumers the cement prices would be raised by PKR 50-60/bag. This measure would make cement expensive and would be negative for the sector.

Revision in Real Estate Taxes

Government has revised the taxes on the real estate related transactions which, in our view, would reduce the speculative transactions in the real estate sector. The government has introduced three categories for this particular taxation measure which include: Filers, late filers, and non-filers. The non-filers and latefilers would have to pay significantly higher taxes as compared to the filers. The rates can be found in the below tables:

Performance Relative to KSE-100



Source: PSX, IGI Research

IGI Research

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Exhibit: Advance Tax on purchase of Immovable Property			
Category	FMV < PKR 50mn	PKR 50mn < FMV < PKR 100mn	FMV > PKR 100mn
Filers	3.0%	3.5%	4.0%
Late Filers	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%
Non-Filers	12.0%	16.0%	20.0%

Source: Income Tax Ordinance, Finance Bill 2024, IGI Research, FMV=Fair Market Value

Exhibit: Advance Tax on Sale/Transfer of Immovable Property			
Category	ategory Consideration < PKR 50mn PKR 50mn < Consideration < PKR 100mn Consideration > PKR		Consideration > PKR 100mn
Filers	3.0%	3.5%	4.0%
Late Filers	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%
Non-Filers	12.0%	16.0%	20.0%

Source: Income Tax Ordinance, Finance Bill 2024, IGI Research,

Exhibit:	Exhibit: Revised CGT rates on disposal of immoveable properties				
	Holding Period	Rate of tax on properties acquired			Rate of tax
		before 30-Jun-24			on
S.No		Open Plots	Constructed Flats	Flats	properties acquired after 30- Jun-24
1	Less than 1 year	15%	15%	15%	
2	More than 1 year and less than 2 years	12.50%	10%	7.50%	
3	More than 2 years and less than 3 years	10%	7.50%	-	
4	More than 3 years and less than 4 years	7.50%	5%	-	15%
5	More than 4 years and less than 5 years	5%	-	-	
6	More than 5 years and less than 6 years	2.50%	-	-	
7	More than 6 years	-	-	-	

Source: Income Tax Ordinance, Finance Bill 2024, IGI Research

Rationalization of Sales Tax Across FATA/PATA region on Steels

Currently the FATA/PATA regions benefit from a sales tax exemption which applies to the sale of steel within the region of operation of such steel manufacturing facilities, import of steel manufacturing equipment in that region. It is proposed in the FY25 budget that the sales tax would be imposed in a phased manner, set to expire towards the end of FY24, which would stay at 6% during FY25 and would be increased to 12% in FY26.

The current sales tax exemption, introduced six years ago to support the steel sector in tribal areas, aimed to encourage local production and sales within those regions. However, it resulted in unintended challenges where steel produced in tribal areas was sold outside at reduced prices, impacting companies in the listed space that paid sales tax. Removing this exemption is anticipated to create a more competitive landscape in the steel sector, favoring





listed steel companies. This withdrawal of exemption would to much extent address the fake flying invoies issue as well.

Besides this the steel sector is likely to benefit from the proposed sales tax exemption on iron and steel scrap, this is more of a strealimining measure and would ultimately benefit the listed steel companies.

Final Tax Regime to end for exporters

The exporters currently fall under the final tax regime in which they pay a final tax of 1% on the export sales, as per the FY25 finance bill, it is proposed that this final tax regime be ended for the exporters and the taxation on exports would be normalized which would be negative for the cement and steel. The net margins for the cement sector in case of implementation of this measure would be squeezed, making the exports uncompetitive in the global markets. The same would be the case with the steel sector if the final tax regime ends for the exporters.

Duties to increase on import of glass products

The Finance Bill proposed that the duties on the import of glass products be increased which would be positive for the local glass manufacturers as this measure would make the imported glass product expensive in comparison to the local glass.

Outlook

In our view, higher PSDP allocation is likely to support demand within construction sector, however, growth is likely to pick up gradually. Withdrawal of sales tax exemption in FATA/PATA region is likely to benefit steel sector. Moreover, recent decline in commodity prices is likely to improve margins within the sector and decline in interest rates are further expected to suppot bottomline.





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